

Fire! Fire! Key Fact Sheet - History



Map of London - 1666

This map shows London in 1666. The red areas show how far the Great Fire of London spread. Hundreds of buildings and roads were destroyed. Five people were recorded as dying.



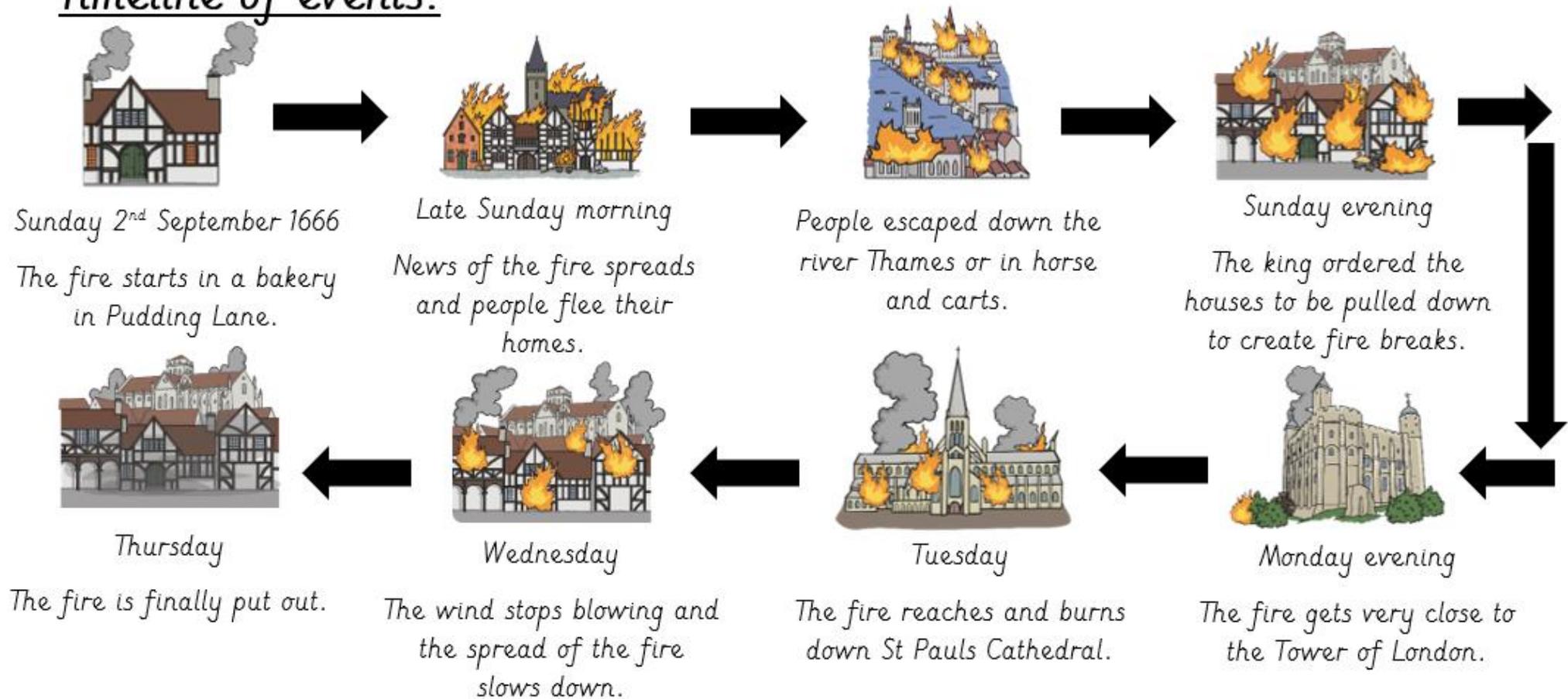
Key Vocabulary

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| <i>Samuel Pepys</i> | <i>An important diary writer of the time.</i> |
| <i>primary source</i> | <i>An object or piece of information written or made at that time.</i> |
| <i>secondary source</i> | <i>An object or piece of information written, made or painted after the time or event.</i> |
| <i>artefact</i> | <i>An object made by a human usually of historical interest.</i> |
| <i>bakery</i> | <i>A place where bread and cake are made and sold.</i> |
| <i>event</i> | <i>A thing that happens that is important.</i> |
| <i>sequence</i> | <i>The order in which things happen.</i> |



Fire! Fire! Key Fact Sheet - History

Timeline of events:



Fire! Fire! Key Fact Sheet – Science

Hygiene

Germs and harmful microbes can stick to our skin when we touch surfaces. If we then touch our mouths, eyes, nose or food with those germs on our hands, we could become poorly.

To avoid this happening, we must:

- Regularly wash our hands, especially before eating or after going to the toilet.
- Regularly wash our bodies in the bath or shower.



Key Vocabulary

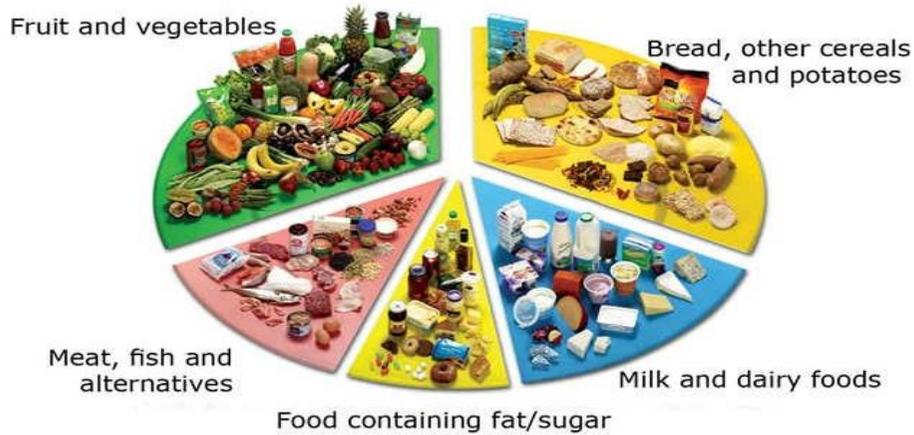
| | |
|---------------|---|
| offspring | A person or an animal's baby. |
| chrysalis | A baby butterfly's or moths' hard shell that protects it when it changes. |
| spawn | When a fish or frog releases eggs. |
| hatches | When a baby animal comes out of its egg or shell. |
| larva | An young insect before it is an adult. |
| carbohydrates | A food that gives you energy e.g. pasta or bread. |
| protein | A food that helps to build healthy muscles and help us grow e.g. chicken or eggs. |
| fats | Gives us lots of energy and can be stored as extra energy e.g. butter. |
| portions | A part of a whole amount that has been shared. |

Exercise

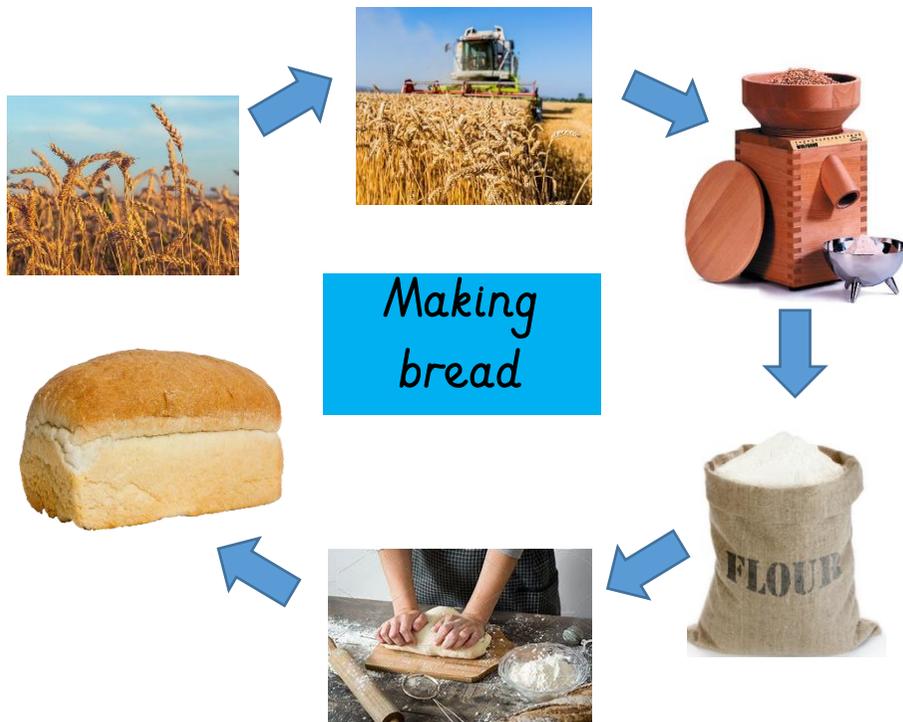
It is important to get at least 30 minutes of exercise each day. Exercise keeps our hearts, lungs and muscles healthy so that they can work properly. It also makes our minds happier.



Fire! Fire! Key Fact Sheet – Design and Technology

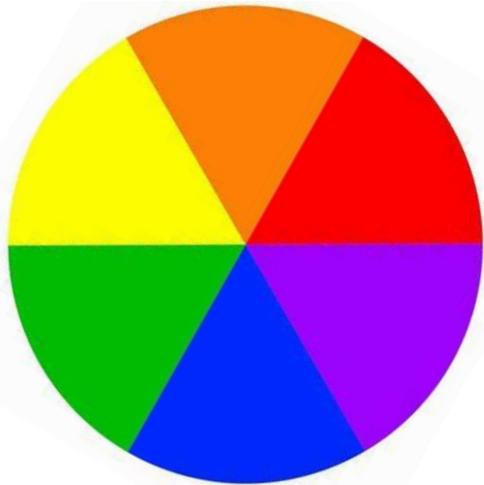


| <u>Key Vocabulary</u> | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|
| knead | To press and squeeze dough with your hands. | |
| roll (noun) | Bread that is shaped into a round or oblong shape and serves one person. | |
| roll (verb) | To flatten dough with a rolling pin. | |
| flatten | To make something flat. | |
| yeast | An ingredient that grows when it is warm and makes air bubbles in bread. | |
| rise | When dough gets bigger because of the air bubbles from the yeast. | |
| proof | The name given to the stage when the yeast is warming and growing. | |
| bake | To cook something in an oven. | |
| wheat | A plant that grows grains used for making flour. |  |
| corn | A plant that grows grains used for making flour. |  |
| mill (noun) | A place where grains are ground to make flour. | |
| mill (verb) | To grind grains to make flour. | |



Fire! Fire! Key Fact Sheet – Art

A colour wheel helps us to know which primary colours (red, yellow and blue) can mix together to make secondary colours (orange, purple and green).



WARM

COOL

Key Vocabulary

| | |
|--------------|---|
| tone | How light or dark a colour appears. |
| horizon | The line where the Earth and sky meet. |
| tint | Adding the colour white to create a lighter version of that colour. |
| shade | Adding the colour black to make the colour darker. |
| chalk | A powdery material used for writing or drawing. |
| silhouette | A dark shape and outline of something or someone against a brighter background. |
| outline | Lines that mark the outside of an object. |
| colour chart | A chart that helps us to know which colours mix together. |
| warm colours | Red, orange or yellow. |



The horizon is where the land or sea meets the sky.



Chalk can be used to draw on a range of surfaces.



You can create a silhouette using strong colours. This shows the outline of shapes clearly.